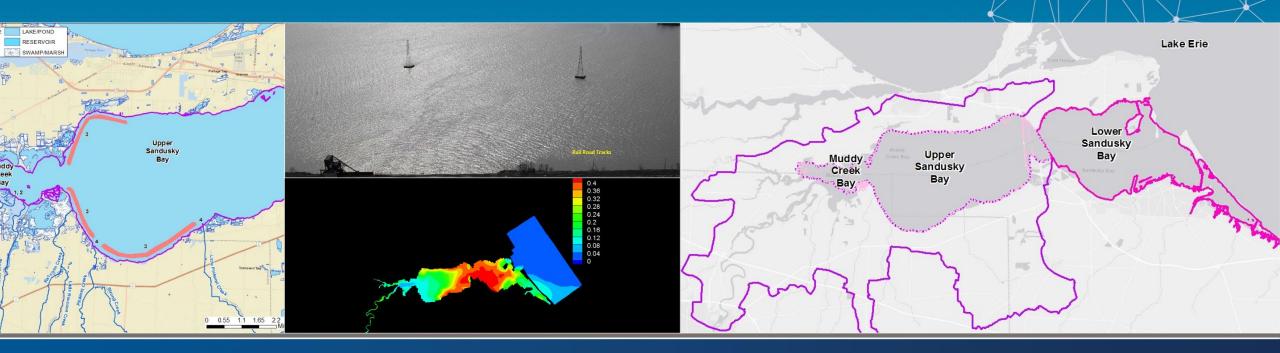


Sandusky Bay 3D Eutrophication Modeling to Support the Sandusky Bay Initiative

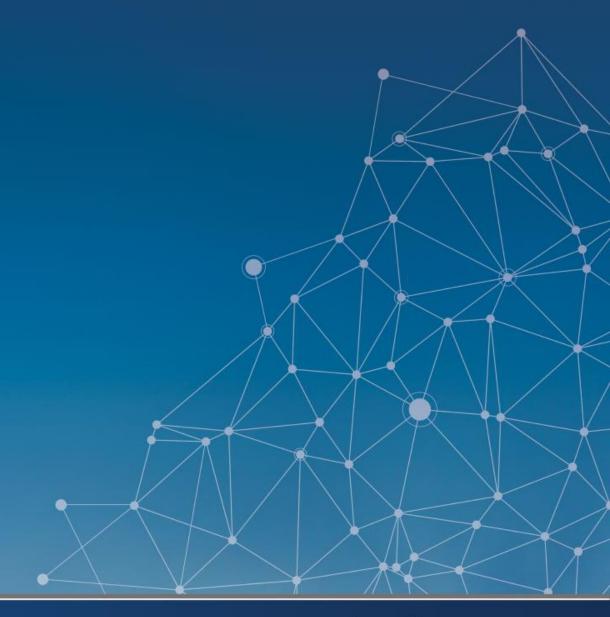
Kevin Kratt, Tetra Tech, Inc. Lynn Garrity, ODNR Office of Coastal Management





Outline

Sandusky Bay Initiative Overview of Modeling Effort Modeling Results





Sandusky Bay Initiative

64 square miles – 1 million of land drainage.

Priority system within Lake Erie and Great Lakes for nutrient management, fisheries and coastal wetlands.



- Improve Sandusky Bay water quality by reducing nutrient and sediment loads.
- Enhance coastal wetland and fisheries habitat.
- Where feasible promote public access and enhance recreational use.
- Work with local restoration partners and coordination with agencies.

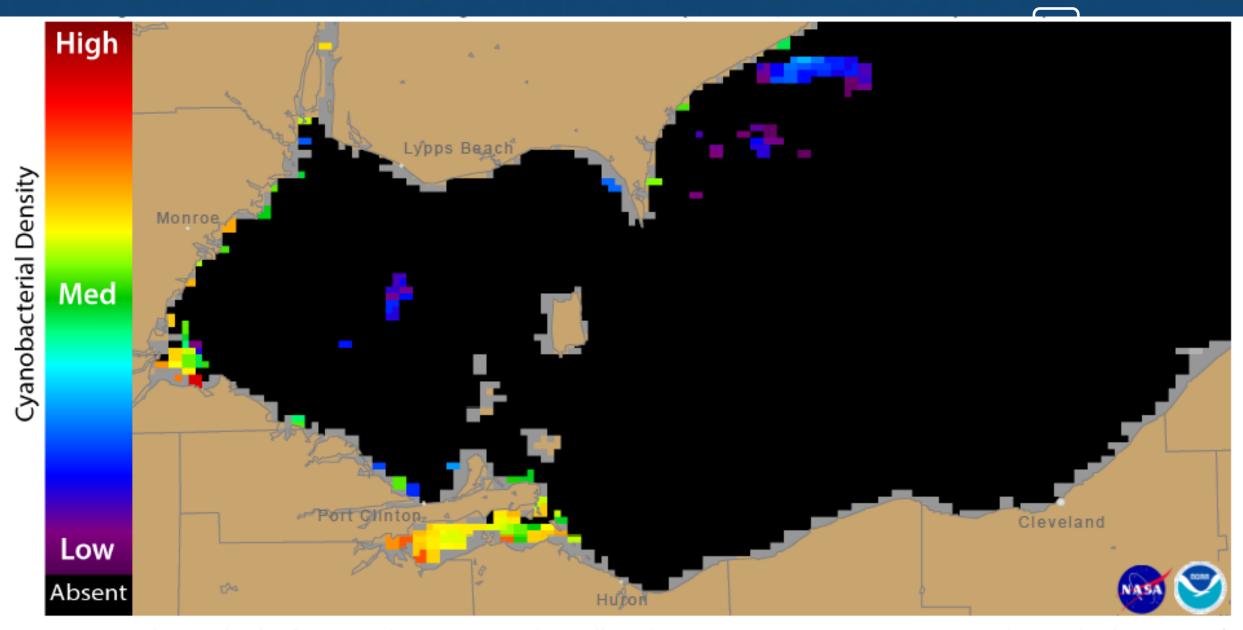


Figure 1. Cyanobacterial Index from NASA's MODIS-Aqua data collected 29 August, 2016 at 13:31 EST. Grey indicates clouds or missing data. The estimated threshold for cyanobacteria detection is 20,000 cells/mL.



Projects - Systems Approach Design



Monitoring and Data Collection

Portfolio of
Projects that work
together to meet
multiple goals for
a resilient
Sandusky Bay.

Setting
Targets and
Scenarios

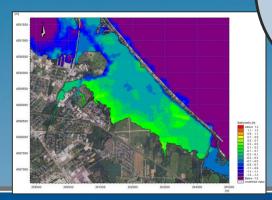


Site Design

Planning

Model





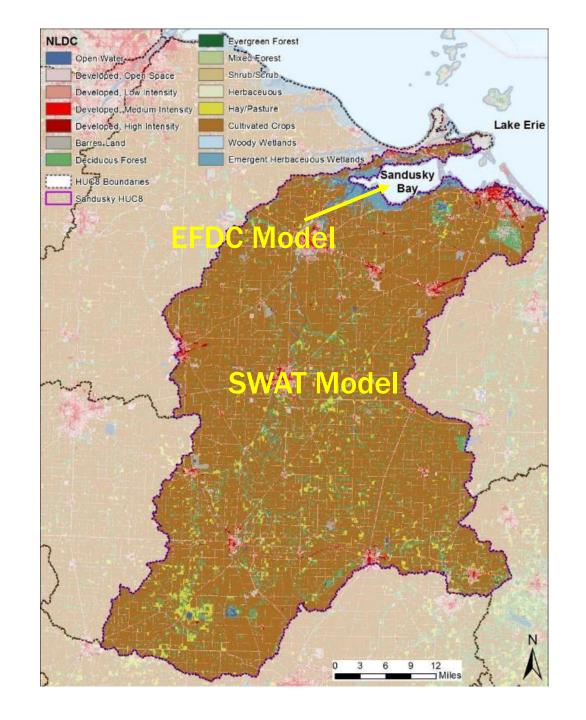
Sandusky Bay Initiative Map Features -Transportation Boundary Hydrography Courty Boundaries ✓ Stanfer Catawba Mand Incorporated Areas (Cities and Villages) 53 N Religional (Publican Materialnes) Lake Erie Marblehead 269 PORT CLINTON Bay Point Portage **OTTAWA** COUNTY Cedar Point Sandusky Bay 53 Sandusky Bay **Bay View** Converback Feint Wineux Point Pipe Creek SANDUSKY 523 6 Wädüle Area Shelden Marsh Scate Nature Preserve 3 WildWe Area Pickerel Creek Wildlife Area ERIE 101 Resthaven Wildlife Area COUNTY 6 Castalia SANDUSKY Huron COUNTY Castalia Quarry MetroPark 412

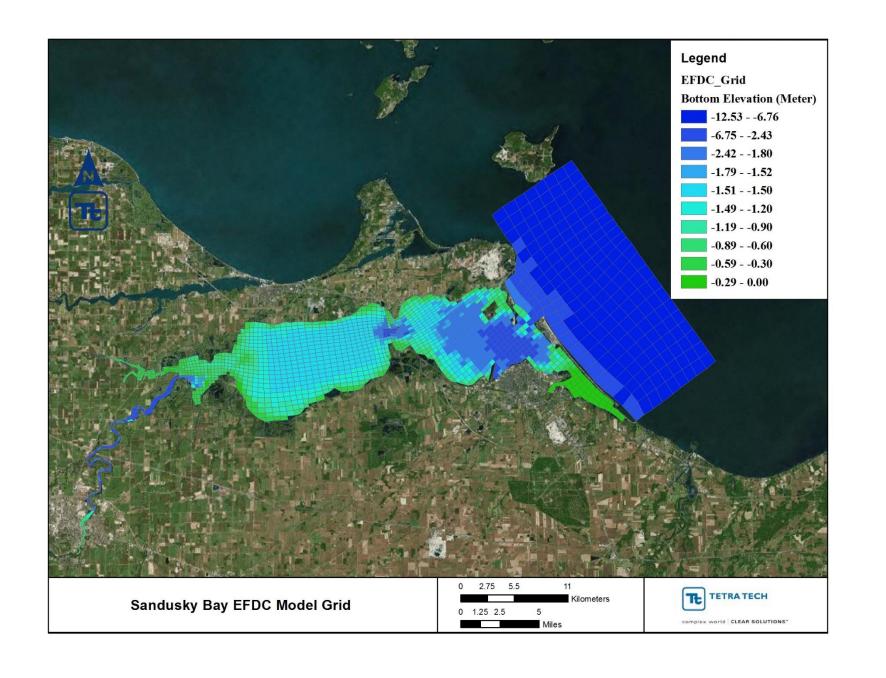


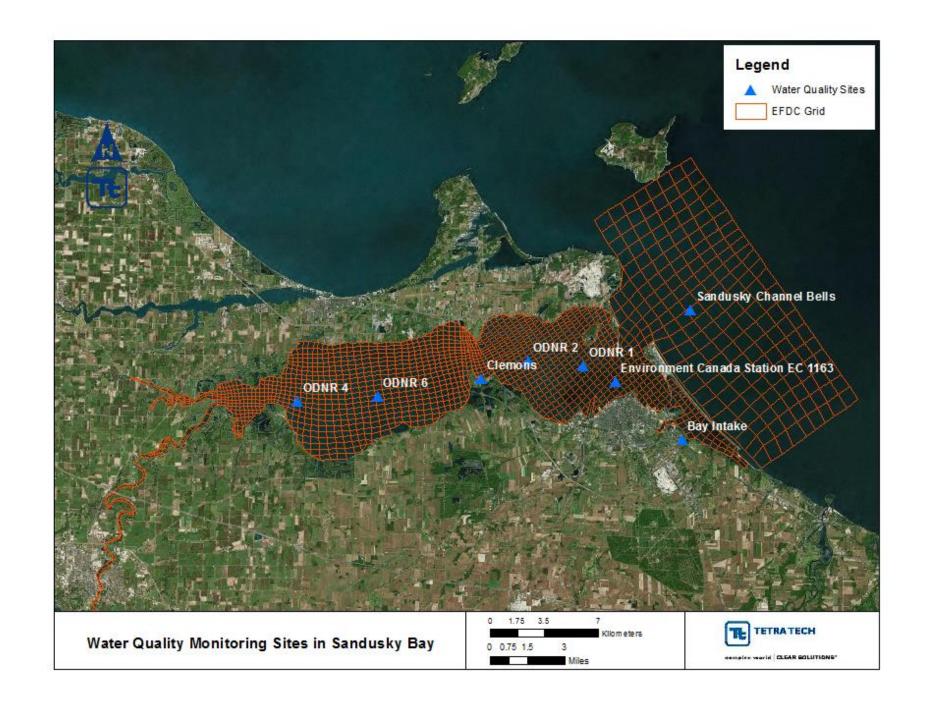
Purpose of Modeling

- Better understand how nutrients and sediments are transported through the Sandusky Bay system and how they impact water quality conditions
- Use results to guide management decisions
 - Controlling tributary loadings
 - Assessing the importance of internal loading
 - Selecting and designing optimal living shoreline, wetland, and other types of restoration projects



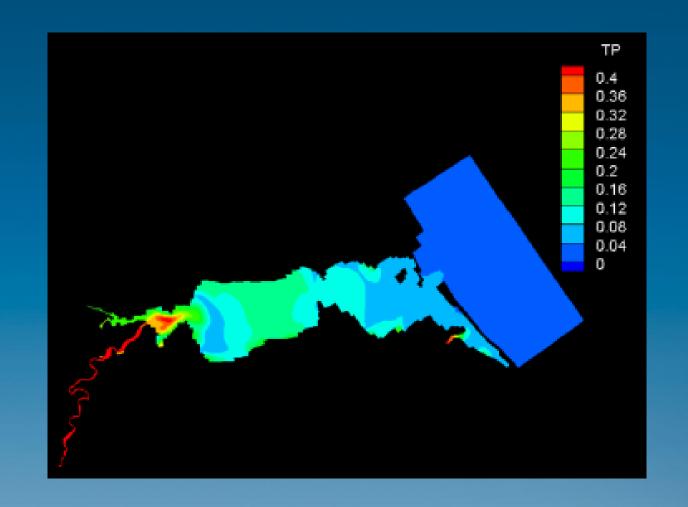






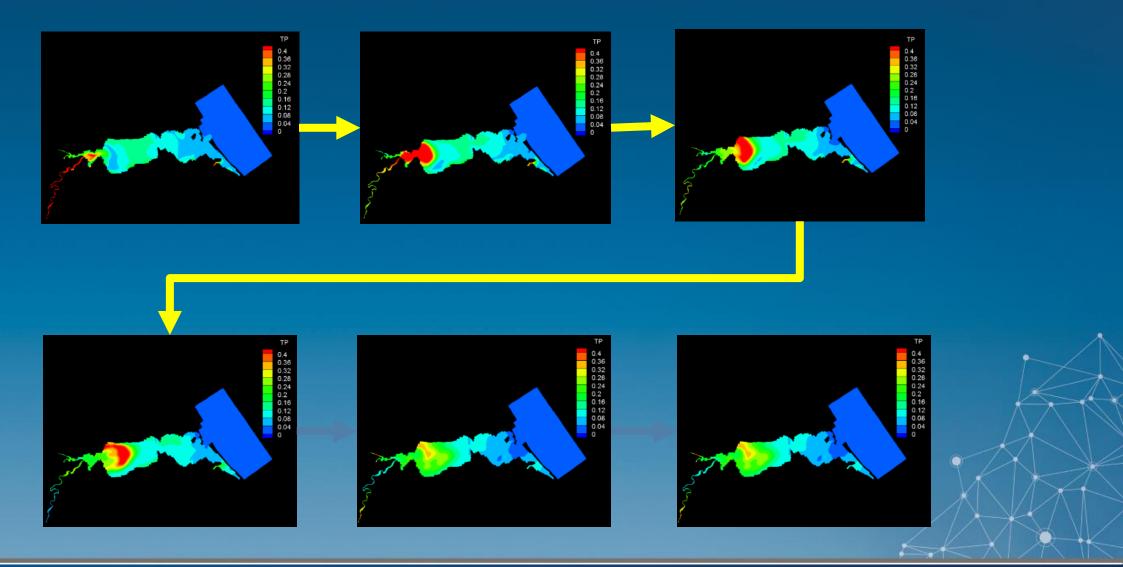


EFDC Model – Animation



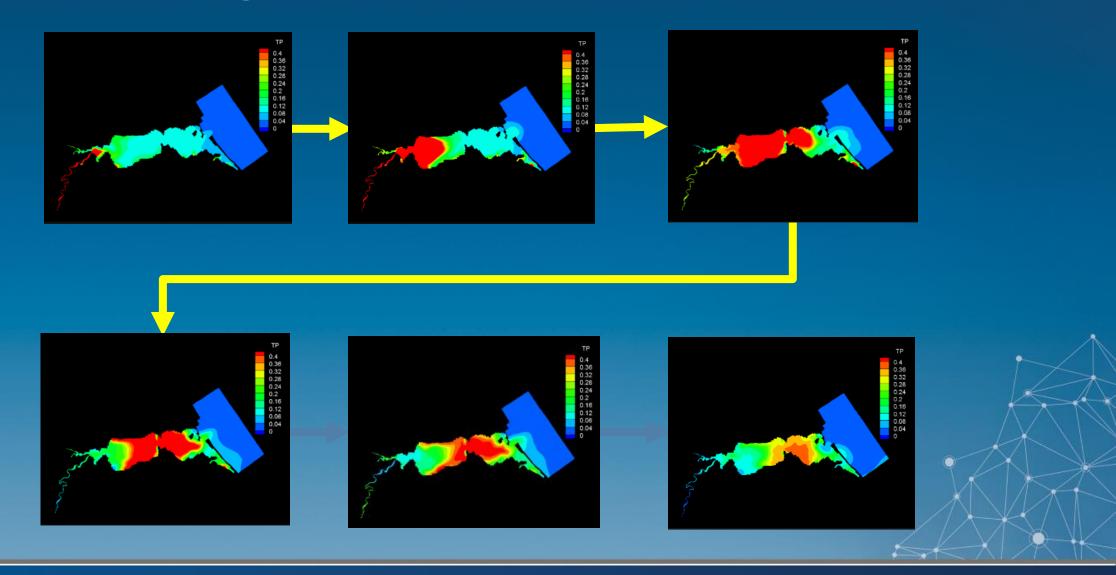


EFDC Model – Typical Storms



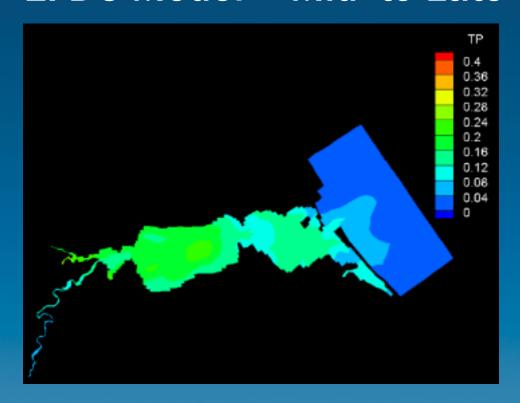


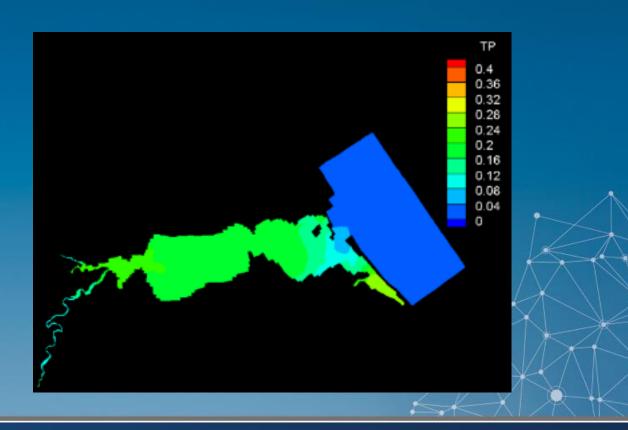
EFDC Model - Largest Couple of Storms Per Year





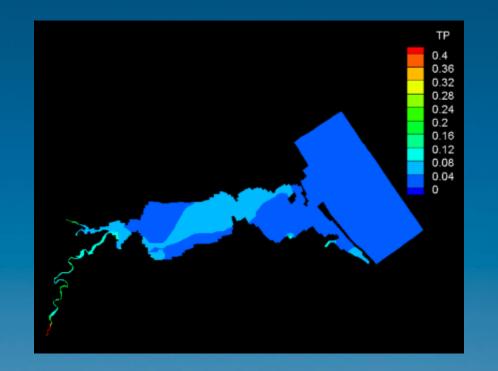
EFDC Model – Mid- to Late-Summer







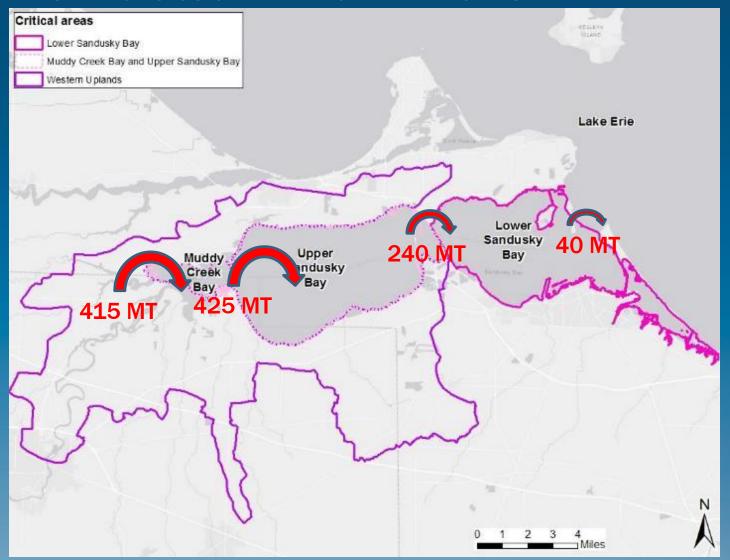
EFDC Model – Winter





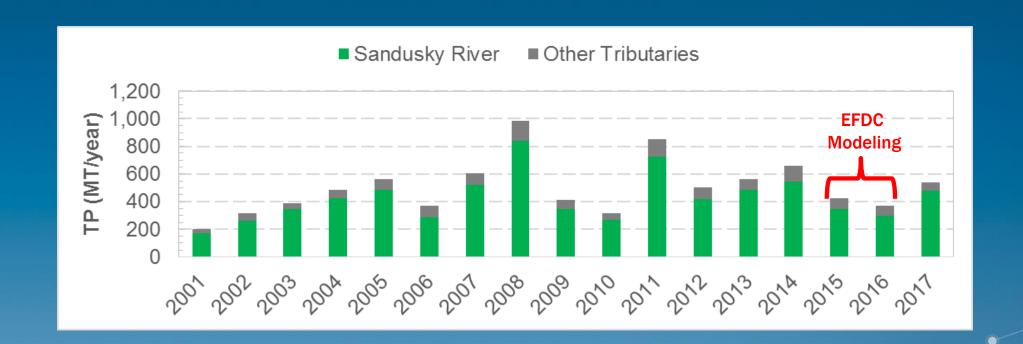


EFDC Model - Simulated TP Flux in 2015



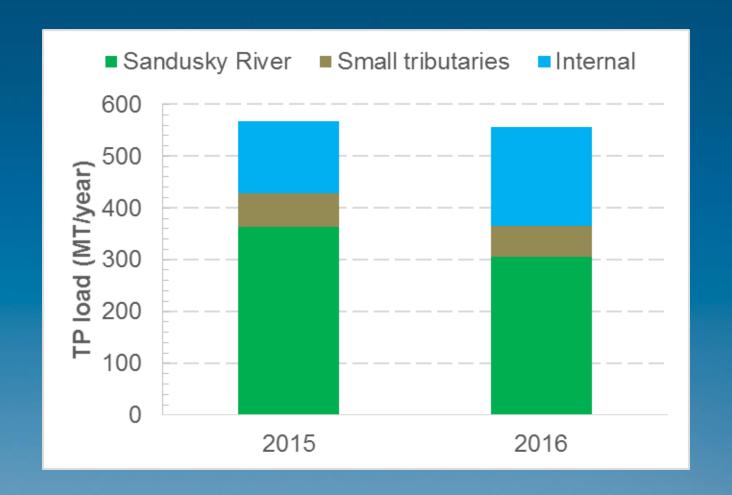


SWAT Model - Simulated TP Loads





EFDC Model – Sources of Annual TP







- Largest source of TP loading is from Sandusky River
 - Implement TMDL and other ongoing efforts to reduce loading from the larger watershed (outside the direct scope of our project)



Total Maximum Daily Loads for the Sandusky River (lower) and Bay Tributaries Watershed



Division of Surface Water Final Report May 28, 2014







Integrated Water Management Strategy

Integrating Water Quality and Water Quantity Benefits in Select

March 24 204

PREPARED FOR

USEPA Region 5 7 West Jackson Bauless Gnosgo, IL 80804

PREPARED BY

Tetra Tech

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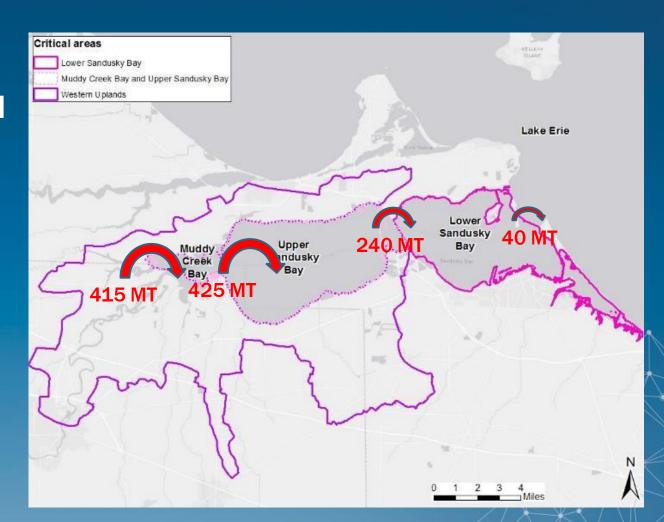
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One Park Drive, Suite 200 INC Box 14408 Research Triangle Park, NC 27709



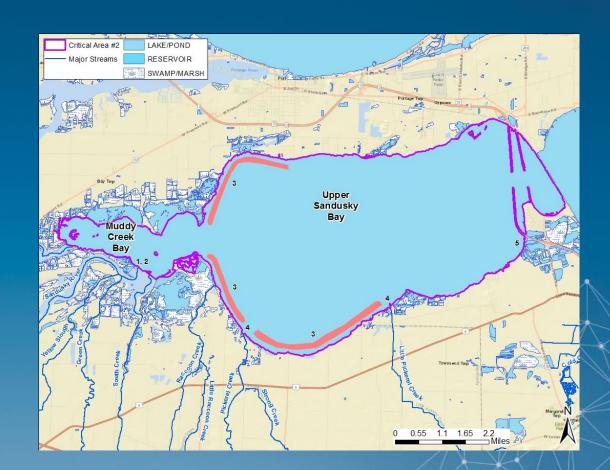


- May be significant trapping of phosphorus within Sandusky Bay and little net loading to Lake Erie
 - Need to further evaluate, especially during wetter years
 - Focus on improving conditions within the bay





- Significant internal loading and loading from Muddy Creek Bay to Upper Sandusky Bay
 - Objective 1: Restoration of at least 500 acres of coastal and lacustrine wetlands in Muddy Creek Bay (about one-fifth of the bay's area), focusing on the mouth of the Sandusky River.
 - Objective 2: Restoration of at least 10 miles of coastline along the shores of Upper Sandusky Bay, focusing on the southwest lobe and northwest lobe of the bay.
 - Objective 3: Conduct feasibility studies to evaluate the creation of islands in the open waters of Upper Sandusky Bay, focusing on the western portion of the bay closest to Muddy Creek Bay





- Third largest source of TP is small tributaries
 - Objective 1: Reduce nutrient- and sediment-loads from 3,300 acres of cropland using drainage water management.
 - Objective 2: Improve stream channel morphology and implement riparian management strategies in at least 5 miles of stream channel along the bay tributaries (excluding the Sandusky River mainstem).
 - Objective 3: Install 160 acres of off-line wetland/detention stormwater treatment systems, potentially with alum injection, at publicly managed lands adjacent to the bay shoreline.



Example Wetland Treatment System on Grand Lake St. Marys



- Significant trapping of nutrients in Upper Sandusky Bay
 - Objective 4: Conduct a feasibility study to evaluate potential modifications of the Thomas A. Edison Memorial Bridge, the former Sandusky Bay bridge, and the Norfolk Southern railroad bridge to alter the hydrodynamics of the constriction between Upper Sandusky Bay and Lower Sandusky Bay.





- Opportunity to capture plumes from small tributaries and test different types of projects in Lower Sandusky Bay
 - Objective 1: Restoration of at least 5 miles of coastline along the shores of Lower Sandusky Bay, including Johnson's Island and the bayside shores of the Marblehead and Cedar Point peninsulas but excluding East Sandusky Bay.
 - Objective 2: Restoration of at least 2 miles of coastline along the shores of East Sandusky Bay, including the bayside shore of the Cedar Point Peninsula.





- Still significant data gaps and lack of understanding regarding complex relationship between phosphorus loading, nitrogen loading, algal dynamics, HABs, etc.
 - Need to continue working on a number of fronts





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